Statement II

The details of incentives available to exporters holding Export House, Trading House Star Trading House and Super Star Trading House Status are given as under :—

(i) Special Import Licence either on FOB or NFE earned basis for imports of items listed in Appendix XXXV of the Hand Book of Procedures under normal Customs duty as per entitlement in terms of Para 217A (a) of the Handbook of Procedures, Vol.1.

(ii) As per entitlement import of Car is also allowed in terms of Para 217A (e) of Handbook of Procedures Vol.1 on normal customs duty payable in free foreign exchange out of status holders exchange earnings foreign currency (EEFC) accounts once in five years, against their valid status certi ficate for their official use, against their-own Special Import Licence.

(iii) As per Para 217A (d) of the Handbook of procedures Vol. I Import of gold and silver against concessional rates of customes duty in free foreign exchange, provided the importer is an EEFC account holder and customs duty is paid in free foreign exchange out of EEFC account.

(iv) Market Development Assistance for export promotional activities abroad.

(v) Exemption from pre-shipment inspection from customs and other agencies.

(vi) Facility of submitting legal undertaking instead of Bank Guarantee to import duty free raw-materials/ capital goods for the purpose of manufacturing items of exports under Duty Exemption Scheme and EPCG Schemes respectively.

(vii) Green channel facility as detailed in Para 22B of the Handbook Procedures Vol. I.

निर्यात कोटे में कमी होना

7628. श्री राम जेठमलानी :
श्रीमती सुषमा स्वराज :

क्या वाणिज्य मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार का ध्यान दिनांक 8 मई, 1995 के "दि आब्जर्वर" में "मिनिस्ट्री मूट्स रिडक्शन इन एक्सपोर्ट कोटा" शीर्षक के अंतर्गत प्रकाशित समाचार की ओर दिलाया गया है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो क्या यह सच है कि जो बड़े उद्योग लघु उद्योगों के लिए वस्तुओं के निर्माण में रत हैं, उनके उत्पादों के निर्यात हेतु निर्धारित 75 प्रतिशत की आरक्षित सीमा को कम करके अब 50 प्रतिशत कर दिया गया है ;

(ग) यदि हां, तो क्या यह भी सच है कि इन बड़े उद्योगों को लघु उद्योगों के लिए आरक्षित वस्तुओं का निर्माण करने के बाद इनके कुल उत्पादन के 50 प्रतिशत की बिक्री देश में करने की छूट होगी ;

(घ) यदि हां, तो क्या सरकार ने लघु उद्योग पर इस निर्णय के पड़ने वाले संभावित प्रभाव के संबंध में कोई अध्ययन किया है ; और

(ङ) यदि हां, तो इस संबंध में सरकार की क्या प्रतिक्रिया है ?

वाणिज्य मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री पी० चिदम्बरम) : (क) जी, हां।

(ख) तथा (ग) नीति के अनुसार, ऐसा कोई भी उद्यमी जो लघु क्षेत्र के लिए आरक्षित मदों का विनिर्माण करना चाहता है उसके लिए यह अपेक्षित है कि वह संयंत्र तथा मशीनरी पर पूंजीनिवेश की सीमा 60 लाख रुपए तक ही रखे जिसे प्रतिवर्ष उत्पादन के 30% निर्यात दायित्व की शर्त पर 75 लाख रुपए तक बढ़ाया जा सकता है। जहां ऐसे एकक द्वारा पूंजीनिवेश 75 लाख रु० से अधिक

करने का विचार हो वहां उस पर अपने उत्पादन के 75% वार्षिक निर्यात का दायित्व लगेगा । सिलसिलाए परिधान उद्योग के मामले में तो इस आशय की छूट दी गई है कि उत्पादन के 50% वार्षिक निर्यात व दायित्व के साथ पूंजीनिवेश की सीमा 3 करोड़ रु० तक बढ़ाई गई हैं । किन्तु, पूंजीनिवेश की 75 लाख रु० की सीमा तक निर्यात दायित्व उत्पादन का 30% वार्षिक ही रहेगा ।

(घ) उपलब्ध जानकारी के अनुसार ऐसा कोई सर्वेक्षण नहीं किया गया है ;

(ङ) प्रश्न नहीं उठता ।

Agreement Signed between India and South Korea

7629. SHRI V. RAJESHWAR RAO:
DR. SHRIKANT RAMCHANDRA JICHKAR:

Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Minister of Trade, Industry and Energy of the Republic of Korea visited India in September, 1994;

(b) if so, what was the outcome of his visit;

(c) whether any agreements were signed and if so, what is the nature of these agreements; and

(d) what is being done to increase diplomatic and trade relations with Re public of Korea?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM): (a), to (d) Dr. Chul Su Kim, Minister for Trade, Industry and Energy, Republic of Korea visited India in September, 1994 primarily in connection with his candidature for the post of Director General, World Trade Organisation. During his visit, Dr. Kim called on Finance Minister, Minister for Power, Minister of State for External Affairs and Minister of Stata for Commerce and discussed various matters of mutual interest. No agreements were signed. Various steps taken to increase diplomatic and trade relations include high level exchanges, both at official and businessmen levels, encouraging participation in fairs and exhibitions in each other's countries and dissemination] of trade information.

Disbursement of incentives to deemed exports

7630. SHRI CHIMANBHAI MEHTA:
SHRI P. UPENDRA:

Will the Minister of COMMERCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have allocated only Rs. 287 crore for disbursement of deemed exports against the estimated requirement of Rs. 500 crore;

(b) what was the allocation of dis bursement of incentives for deemed exports in 1991-92, 1992-93 and 1993.94;

(c) whether Government are against disbursement of incentives against deemed exports; and

(d) whether Government are aware that arbitrary out for disbursement of incentives has imposed hardships to tha deemed exports and they are paying heavy interest?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM) (a) No, Sir. Tha Government had allocated a sum of Rs. 400 crores for disbursement of cash incentives for the year 1994-95.